

## OLD WRONG RIGHTED

Land Stolen by Mormons Returned to Navaho Chief.

Controversy Settled After Years of Quarrelling and Litigation—Old Mushi's Claims Upheld by Brave Army Officer.

[Special Arizona Letter.] UP IN the northeastern corner of Arizona, just on the borders of the Navaho Indian reservation, lives an old Indian known to his people and the whites alike as Mushi. The poor old fellow is crippled in both legs with rheumatism, or some similar complaint, so that for years he has been unable to straighten out his limbs. Even when he sits on the back of his burro his poor, crooked knees reach almost up to his chin, and give him a most pathetic appearance. But he is not doleful by any means. No matter when you meet him, he greets you with a cheery "Yata hay," and a bright smile, and will always stop and joyfully accept a pinch of tobacco and a cigarette paper as an evidence of good will.

Mushi's life has been an eventful one, and his last days have been clouded by acts of meanness and treachery that exemplify the too common treatment the Indian has met with at the hands of the whites. One day I got him to tell me his story, which he gave with an air of wounded generosity, which made a profound impression upon me. In effect it was as follows:

Many long years ago when he was a young man he had already gained power amongst his people, the Navahos, by his warlike skill and daring courage. He had been granted all the springs and pasturage in a large territory, a portion of which he still retains. He had horses, sheep and goats, and in several places good-sized fields of corn. He was well to do and prosperous, and in all great councils of his people his voice was listened to as that of a wise and successful man.

One day a band of white men and women were seen on the north side of the Colorado river, at the place where

ful and nourishing dish. This was how he received his name. The Mormons, not unkindly, took to calling him "Old Mushi" and as the Navahos endeavored to repeat it they transformed it into Musha.

Now one would naturally think that such kindness would have received corresponding generous and kindly treatment. Yet it was not so. Some members of the Mormon band took a great fancy to some of the lands of Musha. There were fine springs, one of them large enough to irrigate a good-sized patch of land and supply a whole town with water. Their covetousness overcame their honesty and their gratitude, for when reinforcements from Utah came the following year these ungrateful wretches took possession of what land and springs of Musha's they wanted and told him he must be content with the rest.

Thus began the feud between the white men of this region and the Navahos, which every now and then burst out afresh to the loss of several lives.

The Navahos had recently, in 1863, been treated to a specimen of the power of the white man's government, and the determined Musha from gaining help from his friends to oust the now unwelcome intruders. The events to which I refer were the removing to a place called the Bosques of about 12,000 Navahos, and the keeping of them there, in practical captivity, for the space of five years. During this period so many sickened and died that only 9,000 of them were returned to their own lands in 1868. This was the reason that so small a band of white men could come into Navaho territory and, without any right or justice, steal lands and springs and use them as if they had a perfect title to them.

About two miles from where the chief of Musha's springs was located a small band of Hopi Indians from Oraibi had been in the habit of coming each year and planting corn fields, etc. This was in the Moenkopi wash, and their village soon became known as Moenkopi. Not content with stealing Musha's land they began to plant their corn and vegeta-

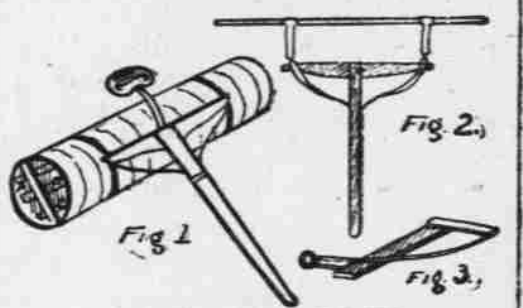


### USEFUL SOIL ROLLER.

So Simple in Construction That Any Man of Ordinary Ability Can Make One at Home.

Fig. 1 shows the roller complete. The roller is made of 11 rims from the drive wheels of old buggies, iron outside and white oak inside. It is in three sections, the center being made of five rims; the outside of three each. To fasten rims together, take three pieces of rock elm or oak, 2x3, and bolt on inside of rims, as shown at a, Fig. 1. All the sections are bolted together in the same manner.

Holes are drilled through the tire of the binder rims to bolt on these three crosspieces. Each section for bearings on ends takes two pieces of



### A HOME MADE ROLLER.

hard wood 2x6, shown at b. These are fastened with wood screws through the tire into the end of the 2x6 piece, as shown by c.

The pole attached and rod for center is shown at Fig. 2. The pole is bolted to rod should be of 2x12, or twisted a little as at c; bend around center rod with set screw to hold in place. Center rod should be heavy, as to strengthen roller. Washers sufficient must be used to hold sections in place, so as not to rub on pole iron where twisted.

Fig. 3 shows a truss iron to strengthen the piece running from pole and crosspiece (d), to rod. The 2x12 is on top of d, a lighter piece on the under side of d, running back to near rod and welded or riveted to it. Keep pole from bending down when one is on the seat. Any kind of seat can be attached to pole, as shown in Fig. 1.—R. M. Gale, in Farm and Home.

### PREPARING WHEAT LAND.

Success of This Crop Depends Largely Upon Selection of Appropriate Soil and Good Tillage.

The success of this crop depends largely upon the selection of land and the preparation of the soil. The light, sandy and gravelly loam soils which are known as natural wheat land are where this grain flourishes, if the plant elements needed for this crop are abundant and available, yet clay soils with proper manipulation do yield paying crops.

As wheat requires a large supply of nitrogen for good growth, and has at the same time a little ability to store it, unless available in the soil, care should be taken to plant where the soil is rich in this plant food element. Clover sod, if broken and sown to some spring crop that requires good tillage, will yield a profitable wheat crop.

"Plow early for wheat," is a maxim that should not be forgotten. Wheat land must be plowed early to give ample time for preparation of the seed bed, which must be fine and firm. Large yields are often not possible, even in favorable seasons, because of the poorly prepared seed beds. One must not give heed to the number of times the land is harrowed, but keep going until the ground is in right condition. If preparing out stubble or sod ground, the land can be frequently worked, and a successful wheat grower advises doing this after each shower as soon as the ground is dry enough to permit.

The soil must be firm but mellow. Think how small a grain of wheat is. To have it start well it must have a well-prepared seed bed, where it does not have to send its roots down for some inches before it finds suitable feeding ground, as it does when the surface is cloddy. Start the plows on the wheat land as soon as weather and condition of soil will permit.—Colman's Rural World.

**How to Kill Ground Moles.** Ground moles, aside from the damage they do to growing plants by lifting them or disturbing their roots, are rather a friend than an enemy. They are insectivorous, and it is in searching out grubs and cutworms that they make tunnels. These tunnels are merely traps, into which the worms fall and are picked up by the mole in his rounds. Persistent tramping in of his runs will drive him to parts of the garden or lawn where he will do no harm. However, if he must be killed, it can be easily done. Open his tunnel, saturate some waste with bisulphide of carbon, put it into the hole, and cover with dirt. The fumes will permeate the whole system of tunnels, and kill all animal life there. Don't poison grain; he won't eat it.—J. L. Irwin, in Farm and Fireside.

**Milk for Growing Chickens.** Poultrymen who own cows and have surplus milk have a decided advantage over those who do not. Milk is both food and drink, and at this season is especially beneficial to the growing birds. A safe way to supply it is to heat it scalding hot, and when it has cooled let them drink as much as they want within an hour in the morning. It should then be disposed of and the vessel cleaned. Rotten milk is little better than poison.—Farm Journal.

**Put screens in the windows and doors to keep the flies out of the stables. It will save feed and flesh.**

## GOOD STRONG QUEEN.

The Importance of Having One in Every Colony Can Scarcely Be Overestimated.

When the beekeeper finds that in the same apiary, and perhaps side by side, he has two colonies, one of which produces less than half as much as the average of the whole, and the other double the average, or four times as much as the average, he must have a very poor queen, who produced but little brood, and the other a prolific queen, with vigor enough to give an active working colony. We are not sure but that some bees are like some men, "born tired," by reason of a lack of strength and vitality in their parents, says the Massachusetts Ploverman.

But whatever the cause, there are few beekeepers who have not had as much or more difference as this in colonies in the same apiary, and we know of no other remedy. Destroy the queen of the poor colony and all queen cells found in it, and give a new queen or a queen cell with egg or larva in it from a better colony. Then destroy every drone comb in such hives, that the queen may not mate with them, for they probably have the same faults as their inheritance as the other bees, and the power to transmit it as well as the queen. No matter if you know that the colony was weak from the driest to keep warm last winter or by being short of stores. If the queen does not rapidly remedy the trouble by rearing a new and large brood when the bees are well fed, follow the same plan. If the condition of such a colony is learned in the spring, the better way is to break it up, and give the bees to other colonies, where they may work out the short term of their existence.

As was said at the beekeepers' convention at Ontario last winter, to be good honey producers the colony must be industrious, numerous, of the right age at the right time, long lived and long tongued. This depends upon the queen to a very large extent, while we do not know to what extent it depends upon the queen that was the parent of the drone who mated in her flight. When all are good queens there will be no drones but of good blood, and beekeepers are beginning to consider this; so that we may expect by and by to see advertised young queens for sale from a colony that has established a record, with a statement also of the record of the whole apiary.

**SAYINGS OF SAGES.** Be ignorance thy choice where knowledge leads to woe.—Beattie. He who rules must honor fall as much as he commands.—George Eliot. Good company and good discourse are the very sinews of virtue.—Waltton.

An ounce of cheerfulness is worth a pound of sadness to serve God with.—Fuller.

Whatever makes men good Christians makes them good citizens.—Daniel Webster.

Occasions do not make a man either strong or weak, but they show what he is.—Thomas a Kempis.

As there is nothing in the world great but man, there is nothing truly great in man but character.—W. W. Evans.

Common sense is the knack of seeing things as they are and doing things as they ought to be done.—C. E. Stowe.

The saddest failures in life are those that come from not putting forth of the power and will to succeed.—Whipple.

The charity that hastens to proclaim its good deeds, ceases to be charity, and is only pride and ostentation.—Hutton.

**FROM MANY LANDS.** In proportion to its population New Zealand is the richest country in public libraries. It has 298.

Indian and Ceylon tea has increased in quantity from 152,000,000 pounds in 1890 to 300,000,000 pounds in 1900.

**THE MARKETS.** New York, July 22.

CATTLE—Native Steers.....	4.60	5.00
CATTLE—Middle Western.....	4.50	5.00
FLOUR—Winter Wheat.....	2.50	3.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1.10	1.20
CORN—No. 2.....	.80	.90
OATS—No. 2.....	.40	.45
PORK—Mess.....	15.00	15.50
ST. LOUIS.		
CATTLE—Native Steers.....	4.50	5.00
CATTLE—Middle Western.....	4.40	4.90
CATTLE—Fair to Choice.....	4.30	4.80
HOGS—Clear to Choice.....	3.50	4.00
SHEEP—Fair to Choice.....	2.50	3.00
FLOUR—Patents.....	2.40	2.50
Other Grades.....	2.30	2.40
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.90	.95
CORN—No. 2.....	.70	.75
OATS—No. 2.....	.35	.40
PORK—Mess.....	14.00	14.50
KANSAS CITY.		
CATTLE—Native Steers.....	4.50	5.00
CATTLE—Fair to Choice.....	4.40	4.90
FLOUR—Winter Patents.....	2.40	2.50
Spring Patents.....	2.30	2.40
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.85	.90
CORN—No. 2.....	.65	.70
OATS—No. 2.....	.30	.35
PORK—Mess.....	13.00	13.50
NEW ORLEANS.		
FLOUR—High Grades.....	3.50	4.00
CORN—No. 2.....	.70	.75
OATS—No. 2.....	.30	.35
HAY—Choice.....	15.00	15.50
PORK—Standard Mess.....	15.00	15.50
BACON—Short Rib Sides.....	9.00	9.50
COTTON—Middling.....	12.00	12.50
LOUISVILLE.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.70	.75
CORN—No. 2.....	.60	.65
OATS—No. 2.....	.25	.30
BACON—Short Rib.....	15.00	15.50
COTTON—Middling.....	11.00	11.50

### NOTES OF INTEREST.

The production of sugar cane in the Hawaiian islands is estimated at 310,000 tons for 1900.

The presence of the Hessian fly in wheat is reported from an almost unprecedented large number of states.

The output of the 175 canneries in Maine is \$3,000,000 annually. In ordinary years \$50,000 is paid to farmers for sweet corn alone.

The disappearance of the "old-fashioned apple" is a frequent lament. The modern fruit is fair to look upon, but genuine flavor is too often absent.

Sugar beet factories are now in successful operation in California, New Mexico, Utah, Nebraska, New York, Oregon, Minnesota, Illinois, Washington, Colorado and Michigan.

The King of Siam, said to be the finest orange ever grown, is the sensation among epicures. It is grown in Florida and California, and looks like a tangerine, with a loose, rough skin.

**Weevils in Grain Bins.** If you have put weevil-infested grain in bins, go at once and stop the pests from continuing their destructive work. Spread clean sacks over the grain and have the covers all ready to close down tight. Now take a pint of gasoline to every 50 bushels of wheat in the bin and pour it over the sacks that lie on the grain; close the lids and throw extra sacks or covers over all to keep the air out and the fumes in, and leave the fumes for 24 hours to do their work. Then raise the lids and the odor will pass off and the weevil will trouble no more. Of course bisulphide of carbon will have the same effect; but the writer believes from trial that gasoline is just as good, and it is certainly more available and cheaper. The above suggestion applies also to the new wheat pest, the anguon grain moth.—Farm Journal.

## VARIOUS LITTLE MATTERS.

Philadelphia exports one-third as much wheat as New York.

Consumption of coal in the United States amounts to \$1,000,000 per working day.

The mayor of New York, to be chosen in November, will serve for two years only.

The capitalization of the largest bituminous coal company in the world is \$65,000,000.

During June the concessions at the Buffalo fair took in \$24,000, the exhibition's share being \$6,000.

Surveyors report that a Canadian railway to the Yukon could be constructed at reasonable cost.

The New York scheme of placing chairs in Central park for rent does not seem to be a great success.

The fines collected in New York police courts last year amounted to \$78,957. In 1899 the total was \$100,637.

American steel wire rods are sold in England at \$3.75 per ton less than English rods can be sold on the ground.

A recent rain in southern California increased the Lompoc mustard crop from three sacks an acre to 31 sacks.

One of the novel provisions before the constitutional convention of Alabama was presented by Delegate Waddell, of Russell county, and allows the ballot of an ignorant man in any election to count only one-fourth of a vote.

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## A JUDGE'S WIFE CURED OF PELVIC CATARRH.

She Suffered for Years and Felt Her Case Was Hopeless—Cured by Pe-ru-na.

Mrs. Judge McAllister writes from 1217 West 33rd st., Minneapolis, Minn., as follows:

"I suffered for years with a pain in the small of my back and right side. It interfered often with my domestic and social duties and I never supposed that I would be cured, as the doctor's medicine did not seem to help me any. 'Fortunately a member of our Order advised me to try Peruna. A great deal of high praise that I decided to try it. Although I started in with little faith, I felt so much better in a week that I felt encouraged.

"I took it faithfully for seven weeks and am happy indeed to be able to say that I am entirely cured. Words fail to express my gratitude. Perfect health once more is the best thing I could wish for, and thanks to Peruna I enjoy that now."—Minnie E. McAllister.

The great popularity of Peruna as a cathartic remedy has tempted many people to imitate Peruna. A great many so-called cathartic remedies and cathartic tonics are to be found in many drug stores. These remedies are produced by the druggist much cheaper than Peruna. Peruna can only be obtained at a uniform price, and no druggist can get it a cent cheaper.

This is it that druggists are tempted to substitute the cheap imitations of Peruna for Peruna. It is done every day without a doubt.

**No Great Loss.** Inkeeper (after wagonload of hunters has departed)—Silas, did you find room in their wagon for them six cases of beer and the case of whisky?

Silas—Yes, got everything in—er—gash all hunk! I forgot to put in their gun!

"What! ye dad-vummed—oh, well—their never miss 'em!"—San Francisco Bulletin.

**Both Had One.** An enthusiastic Louisiana fisherman had great luck while fishing on the Illinois river recently. During the day he wired his wife: "I've got one, weighs seven pounds and is a beauty!" He was considerably surprised to receive the following reply from his wife: "So have I. Weighs ten pounds. He isn't a beauty. Looks like you."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

**Bloodshed Avoided.** Jones—What would you do if your burglar alarm went off in the night?

Brown—Well, in the dark, you know, it would take me a good while to find my shoes and my money and then I would get the burglar time to get away.—Detroit Free Press.

**That's Different.** When a full grown man robs a bird's nest, he is not in the same category as the small boy. He is a robber and an ornithologist.—Washington Post.

**THINGS WORTH KNOWING.** France bought \$809,200 worth of toys of Germany in 1900.

St. Petersburg, Russia, is discussing a \$100,000,000 overhead railroad.

Residents in England have \$110,000,000 invested in mortgages in foreign countries.

The exportation of beer from France has increased in ten years from 947,421 gallons to 2,144,030 gallons.

Holland has 10,100 windmills, each of which drains 310 acres of land, at an average cost of 25 cents an acre a year.

The recent census of Malta gives the total population, including troops, as 185,000, an increase in ten years of about 8,000.

New Zealand has so many rapid streams and rivers that their water might be easily utilized to supply motive power for machinery.

A German correspondent at Moscow says the Russian police have come to the conclusion that in student riots the female students are always the most aggressive persons.

At a meeting of the National Postory Organization association it was stated that the annual consumption of eggs in the United Kingdom averages 130 per head of the population.

**JOHNSON AT WORK AGAIN.** Racine, Wis., July 22nd.—John Johnson, of No. 924 Hamilton Street, this city, is a happy man.

For years he has suffered with Kidney and Urinary trouble. He was so broken down that he was forced to quit work. Everything he tried failed, till a friend of his recommended a new remedy—Dodd's Kidney Pills. Mr. Johnson used them, and the result surprised him. He is well as ever he was, completely cured, and working away every day.

His case is regarded by those who know how very bad he was, as almost a miracle, and Dodd's Kidney Pills are a much talked of medicine.



MRS. JUDGE McALLISTER.

We would therefore caution all people against accepting these substitutes. Insist upon having Peruna. There is no other internal remedy for catarrh that will take the place of Peruna. Allow no one to persuade you to the contrary.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

### Arrange Your Summer Trip TO VISIT THE

### Pan-American Exposition, Buffalo.

May 1st to Nov. 1st, 1901.

Niagara Falls, One of the Wonders of the World, within an hour's ride from Buffalo.

Thousand Islands, Muskoka Lakes, the Adirondacks and New England points far and short; and delightful ride by lake or rail.

**SPECIAL LOW RATE EXCURSIONS VIA**

### Big Four Route TO BUFFALO.